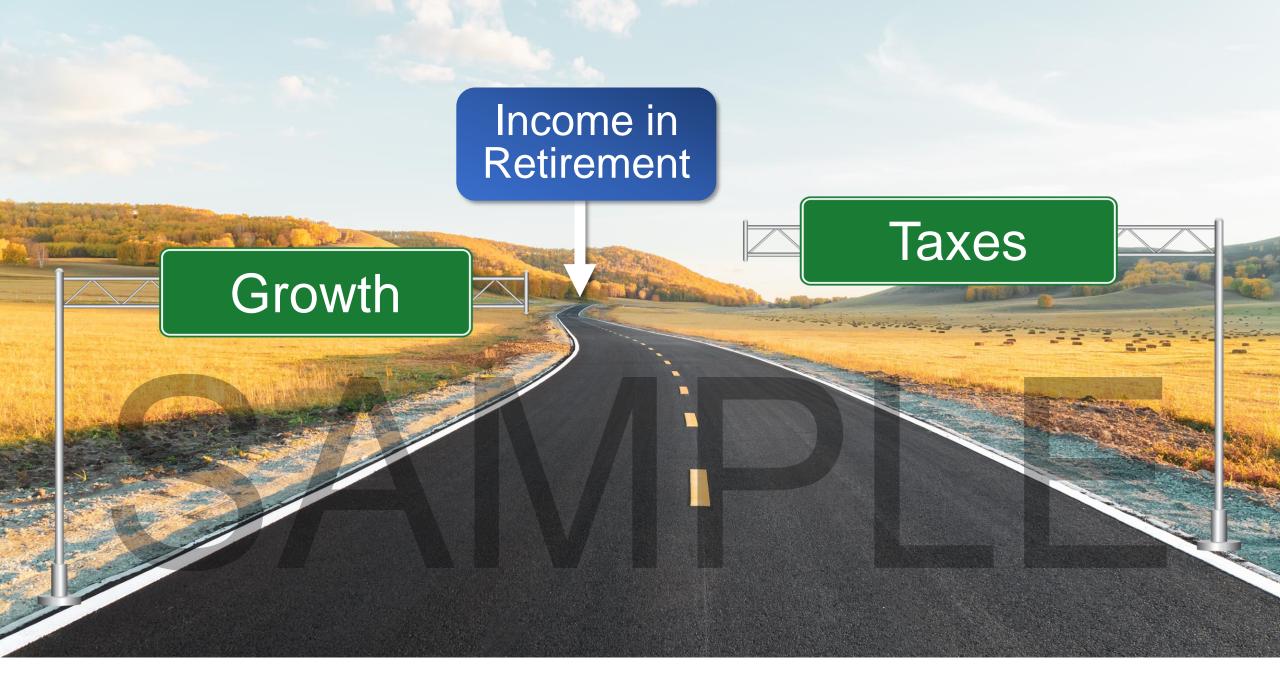


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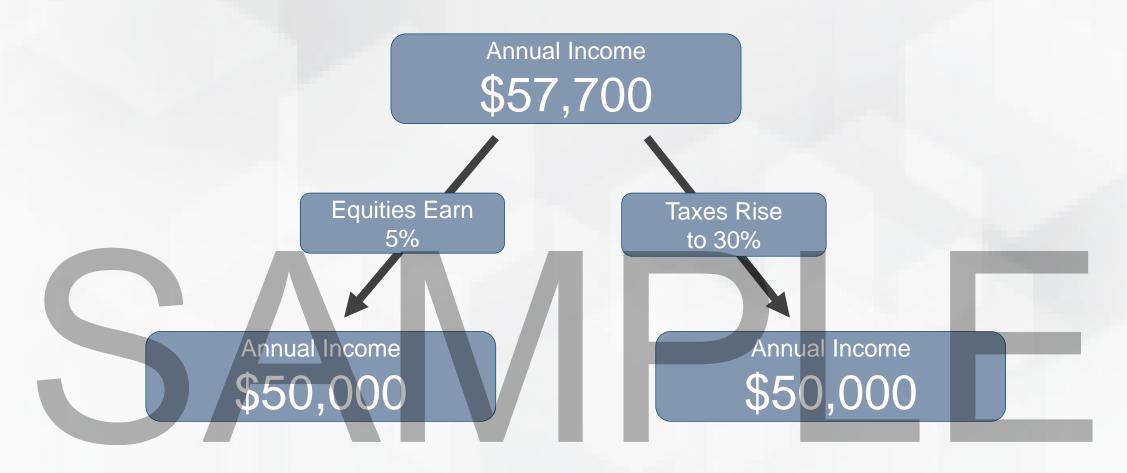
Tax-Deferred Saving



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64-Year Old | Retiring at 65 | \$1M IRA | Income to Age 85

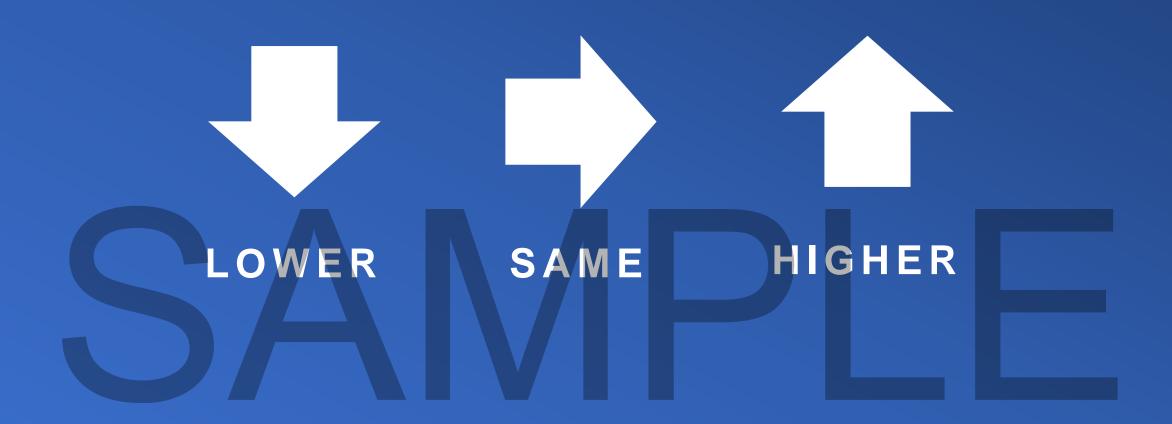
50/50 Portfolio | Equities Earning: 8%, Fixed Income Earning 3.5% | Effective Tax Rate: 20%



Assumes a 50/50 portfolio split between equities and fixed income, with fixed income earning 3.5%. Projections created using income analysis software available at StonewoodFinancial.com. This is a hypothetical example provided for illustrative purposes only. It does not represent a real life scenario and should not be constructed as advice designed to meet the particular needs of an individual's situation. This presentation is not intended to present all the features, requirements and limitations of any savings approach, including tax-deferred savings vehicles. Withdrawals from most tax deferred and retirement plans are subject to ordinary income taxes, and if taken before age 59-1/2 may incur an additional 10% federal penalty. This information is not intended to provide tax, legal or investment advice. Be sure to speak with a qualified professional in these areas before making any decisions about your personal situation.

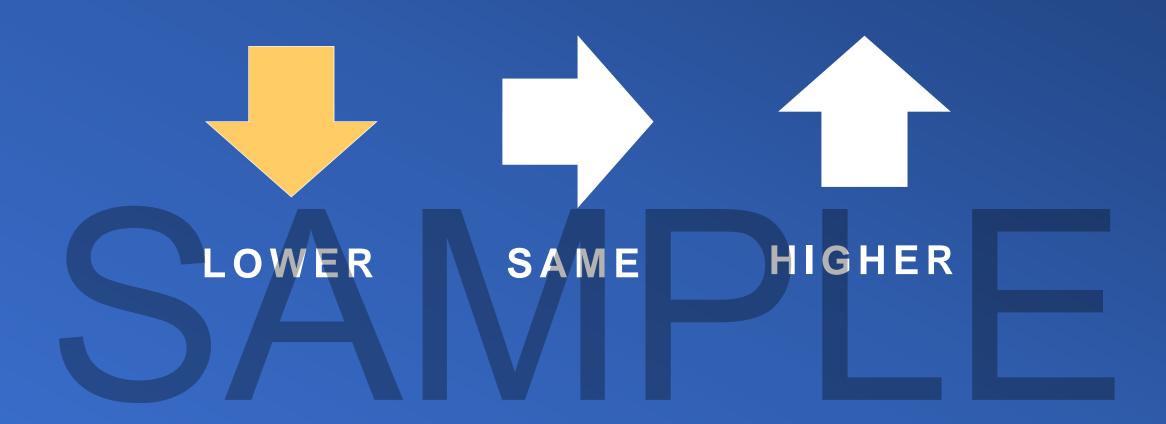


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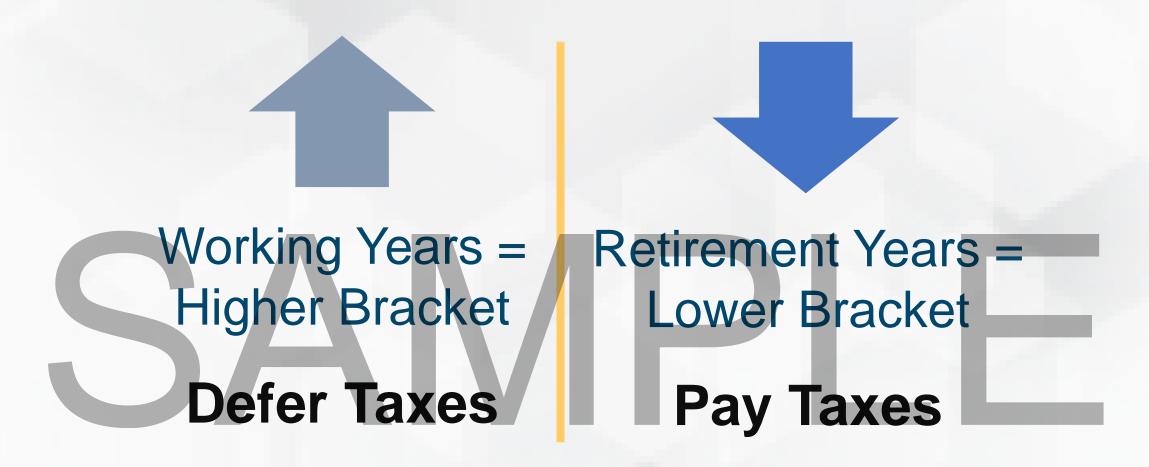


SITUATIONAL





Tax-Deferred Saving



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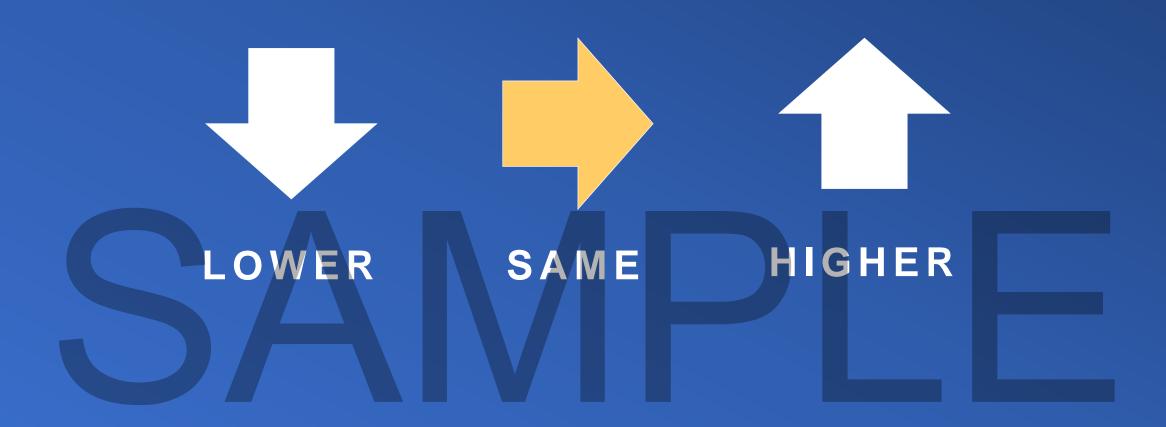
Tax-Deferred Saving

GREATEST GENERATION

BOOMERS & BEYOND

SAMATALE

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LEGISLATIVE



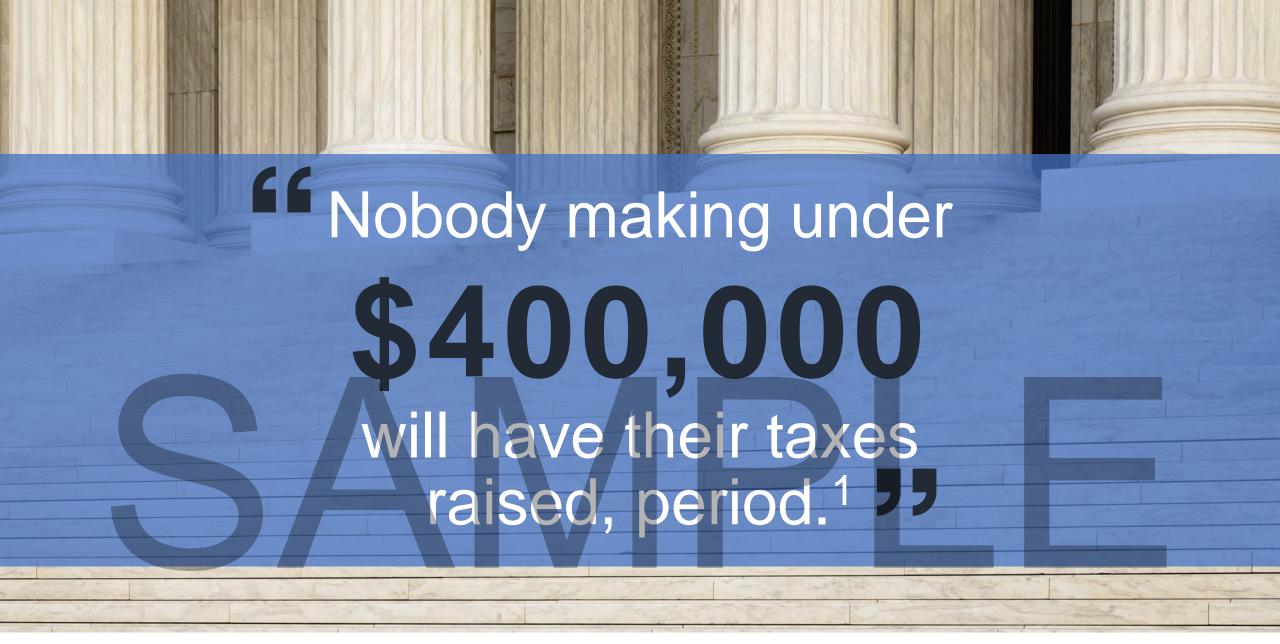




¹"Federal Debt: Total Public Debt," Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED), accessed 08/19/23. Current U.S. deficit tracking available online: https://www.cbo.gov/topics/budget
This information is not intended to provide any tax, legal or investment advice or provide the basis for any financial decision. Be sure to speak with a qualified professional in these areas before making any decisions about your personal situation.



¹Details on federal spending priorities (known as the Build Back Better initiative) can be found at: https://www.whitehouse.gov/build-back-better
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¹Interview, "Squak Box," CNBC, May 22, 2020, available online: https://grabien.com/getmedia.php?id=924585&key=abc063773066b1510402dc54a4a6a700
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BRACKETS

DEDUCTIONS



NEW TAXES







Goal:
Reduce taxes
over lifetime

"MACRO" ANALYSIS





¹This hypothetical example does not consider every product or feature of tax-deferred accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers. This information is not intended to provide tax, legal or investment advice. Be sure to speak with a qualified professional in these areas before making any decisions about your personal situation.

Potential Taxes: \$500,000 IRA Example

- 64-year old with 25% tax liability
- IRA worth \$500,000¹ and growing at 5% annually
- Money from RMDs not used for income and is reallocated to other financial vehicle earning taxable growth at 5% annually
 Account holder lives to age 90.

 Keep IRA

	·
Receives RMDs to age 90	Per IRS rules
Total taxes paid on RMDs at withdrawal	\$ 204,272
Taxes paid on growth of reallocated assets	\$ 96,444
Taxes paid by heirs on remaining IRA value at death	\$ 156,152
TOTAL TAXES PAID (hypothetical example)	\$ 456,868

¹This hypothetical example does not consider every product or feature of tax-deferred accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers.

CONVERT TO SAX-FREE SAME

Potential Taxes: Roth IRA Example

- 64-year old with 25% tax liability
- IRA worth \$500,000 and growing at 5% annually

•	Account holder lives to age 90.
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Converts to a Roth IRA

Converts traditional IRA to Roth IRA	\$ 500,000
Taxed paid on Roth conversion	\$ 125,000
Taxes paid on Roth IRA growth	\$ 0
Taxes paid on remaining Roth IRA value at death	\$ 0
TOTAL TAXES PAID (hypothetical example)	\$ 125,000

This hypothetical example does not consider every product, feature or requirement of tax-deferred and Roth accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Income from Roth conversion accounts may incur a penalty if the account has been open for less than 5 years or if accessed before age 59 ½. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers.

Potential Tax Impact¹

This information is not intended to provide tax, legal or investment advice. Be sure to speak with a qualified professional in these areas before making any decisions about your personal situation. Sample report

shown for display purposes only.

Current Pre-Tax Qualified Account \$500,000

SAMPLE

The values below show two scenarios:

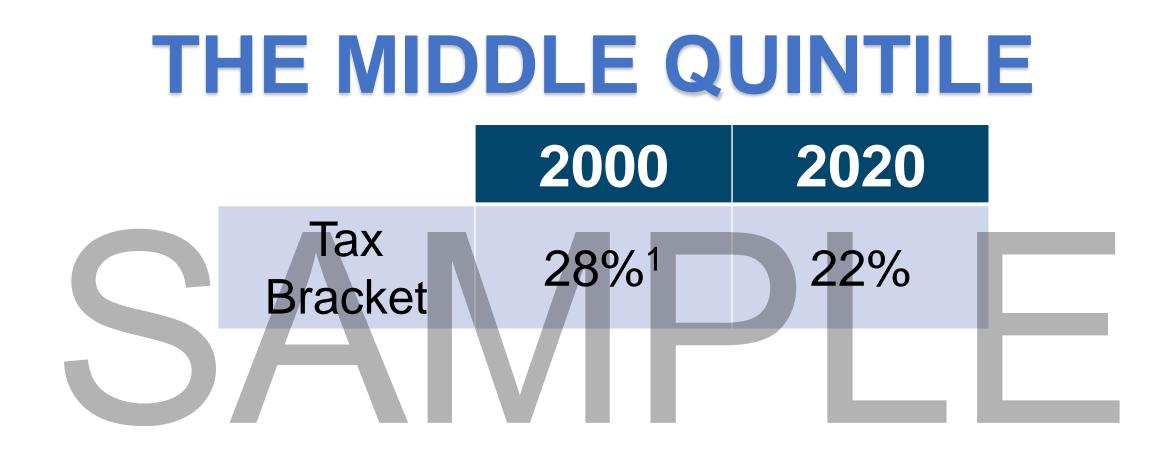
- (1) The total taxes paid if you live to age 90, assuming you continue to keep your qualified account, take RMDs when required, and reinvest these RMDs in a taxable account
- (2) The total taxes paid if you live to age 90, assuming you roll over your qualified account to a Roth account today

Keep Qualifie	d Account	Convert t	o Roth
Total taxes paid on RMDs at time of withdrawals	\$204,272	Taxes paid on conversion	\$125,000
Taxes paid on reinvested RMDs	\$96,444	Taxes paid on Roth account growth	\$0
Taxes paid on emaining account value at death	\$156,152	Taxes paid on remaining Roth account value at death:	\$0
TOTAL TAXES PAID:	\$456,868		\$125,000





THE MIDDLE QUINTILE



Based on tax bracket rates for single filing

¹Tax Policy Center https://www.taxpolicycenter.org/statistics/household-income-quintiles, accessed 01/26/23 Source: U.S. Census Bureau Historical Income Tables
This information is not intended to provide tax, legal or investment advice. Be sure to speak with a qualified professional in these areas before making any decisions about your personal situation.

MIDDLE QUINTILE
Tax Bracket Rates
in 2000 were nearly

30% HIGHER
than in 20201

64-YEAR OLD \$500,000¹ IRA 5% ANNUAL GROWTH 32.5% TAX LIABILITY STARTING IN 5 YEARS

¹This hypothetical example does not consider every product or feature of tax-deferred accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers.

Potential Taxes: \$500,000 IRA Example

64-year old with 25% & 32.5% tax liability

Account holder lives to age 90

- IRA worth \$500,000¹ and growing at 5% annually.
- Money from RMDs not used for income and is reallocated to other financial vehicle earning taxable growth at 5% annually Keen IRA

• Account holder lives to age 90.	Reep IRA
Receives RMDs to age 90	Per IRS rules
Total taxes paid on RMDs at withdrawal	\$ 265,554
Taxes paid on growth of reallocated assets	\$ 110,313
Taxes paid by heirs on remaining IRA value at death	\$ 202,998
TOTAL TAXES PAID (hypothetical example)	\$ 578,865

This hypothetical example does not consider every product, feature or requirement of tax-deferred and Roth accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Income from Roth conversion accounts may incur a penalty if the account has been open for less than 5 years or if accessed before age 59 ½. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers.

Potential Taxes: Roth IRA Example

- 64-year old with 25% & 32.5% tax liability
- IRA worth \$500,000 and growing at 5% annually

•	Account	holder	lives to	age 90.
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Converts to a Roth IRA

TOTAL TAXES PAID (hypothetical example)	\$ 125,000	-
Taxes paid on remaining Roth IRA value at death	\$ 0	-
Taxes paid on Roth IRA growth	\$ 0	
Taxed paid on Roth conversion	\$ 125,000	
Converts traditional IRA to Roth IRA	\$ 500,000	

This hypothetical example does not consider every product, feature or requirement of tax-deferred and Roth accounts and is for illustrative purposes only. It should not be deemed a representation of past or future results, and is no guarantee of return or future performance. Your tax bracket may be lower or higher in retirement, unlike this hypothetical example. Income from Roth conversion accounts may incur a penalty if the account has been open for less than 5 years or if accessed before age 59 ½. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of these numbers.



HOW MIGHT WE HELP YOU?



The tax analysis is designed to provide general information on the subjects covered. The financial professional does not and is not providing tax or legal advice. Supplemental reports are not complete without all pages and are not valid unless accompanied by a complete illustration from the insurance carrier.

HOW MIGHT WE HELP YOU?



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